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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/630,454	07/30/2003	Paul J. Holmquist	13569.0058US01	9029
23552	7590	04/18/2005	EXAMINER	
MERCHANT & GOULD PC P.O. BOX 2903 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-0903			GREENE, DANA D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3762	

DATE MAILED: 04/18/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/630,454

Applicant(s)

HOLMQUIST ET AL.

Examiner

Dana D. Greene

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 December 1999.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-39 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-39 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 17 December 1999 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3-1-04.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 6, 7, 10-15, 19, 22-25, 29, and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Linberg et al. (US 6,497,655 B1, hereinafter "Linberg"). Linberg is considered to disclose:

an implantable pulse generator device for providing cardiovascular therapy to a patient, comprising: at least one processing device configured to execute at least one application program to control the generation of electrical stimulation to provide the cardiovascular therapy and to utilize received data (see col. 12, ln. 34-51, Linberg). The disclosed implantable medical device is considered to anticipate the claimed pulse generator because both deliver therapy to the heart under the control of an operating system capable of receiving and utilizing programmed and parameter values;

a processing device further configured to execute a set of information exchange instructions to obtain incoming data packets and extract header data that provides transport control information from each of the incoming data packets (see col. 4, ln. 43-63 and col. 7, ln. 35-41, Linberg). The disclosed packet based system is considered to

anticipate the claimed data packet and header data because both are sent over multiple types of network architectures using the same transmission and transport instructions.

The disclosed pretest is considered to anticipate the claimed header data because both contain instructions and information about how to properly use the packets;

a pulse generator in communication with the at least one processing device to generate electrical stimulation to provide the cardiovascular therapy (see col. 15, ln. 53-58, Linberg). The disclosed implantable medical device is considered to anticipate the claimed pulse generator because both devices are capable of providing therapy in the form of electrical stimulation such as electrical pulses to the patient's heart to control the heart's function;

a receiver in communication with the at least one processing device to wirelessly receive the incoming data packets having the transport control information (see col. 13, ln. 10-28, Linberg). The disclosed receiver is considered to anticipate the claimed receiver because both are capable of communicating with the processing device to wirelessly receive information.

With reference to claim 25, Linberg is considered to disclose:

an implantable pulse generator device, comprising: processing means for executing an application program and for executing information exchange means, wherein the information exchange means is for sending and receiving data packets and exchanging data of the data packets with the application program (see col. 17, ln. 25-29, Linberg). The disclosed exchange system is considered to anticipate the claimed

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exchange means because both are capable of executing instructions by the IMD to take data from one or more application programs being executed by the device.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 3, 5, 8-9, 16, 18, 20-21, 26, 28, and 30-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being anticipated over Linberg in view of Lee (US 2001/0031997 A1, hereinafter Lee"). The Linberg reference teaches the claimed invention as previously discussed, under the anticipatory rejection, except for the claimed use of TCP network protocol. However, Lee teaches the use of TCP protocol (see col. 13, para. 0044, col. 17, para. 0056, Lee). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Linberg with the TCP protocol disclosure of Lee for the purpose of transferring data in packets with transport control information included.

Claims 4, 17, and 27 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C §103(a) as being anticipated over Linberg in view of Nelson et al. (US 2001/0023360 A1, hereinafter "Nelson"). Linberg is considered to disclose the claimed invention as discussed above, under the anticipatory rejection except for the claimed use of UDP protocol. However, Nelson teaches the use of UDP protocol (see col. 16, para. 0057, Nelson). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Linberg with the UDP protocol disclosure of Nelson for the purpose of transferring data in packets with transport control information included.

Claims 33 - 39 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being anticipated over Linberg in view of Sarwal et al. (US 6,662,052 B1, hereinafter "Sarwal"). Linberg is considered to disclose the claimed invention as discussed above, under the anticipatory rejection, except for the claimed transport layers and connections. However, Sarwal teaches a method and system of transferring data between the data network and implantable medical device utilizing transport layer connections to transfer data in packets (see col. 14, ln. 35-45 and col. 15, ln. 1-6, Sarwal). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Linberg with the considered wireless application protocol teaching found in Sarwal for the purpose of wirelessly transmitting packets from the implantable pulse generator device.

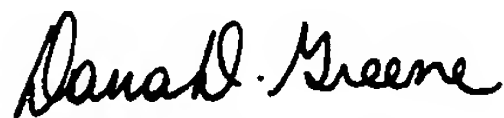
Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dana D. Greene whose telephone number is (571) 272-7138. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9-6.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Angela Sykes can be reached on (571) 272-4955. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-0276.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



Dana D. Greene



Primary Examiner